

2025 NEAS CONFERENCE

Aerial UTS Function Centre - Sydney

Empowering EAL Learners — Pathways into the Real World

Zoe Repse/Lambreas, Swinburne University



Our Role in Building Communities

22-23 MAY 2025





Glossary

- Phonetics = studying how speech sounds are made and used
- Phoneme = a sound you hear (single, double or triple sounds)

- Phonics = process of learning to read by matching written letters to sounds
- Grapheme = smallest unit of writing that spells one sound
- Phonogram = a written letters that can spell one or more sounds, used for different words





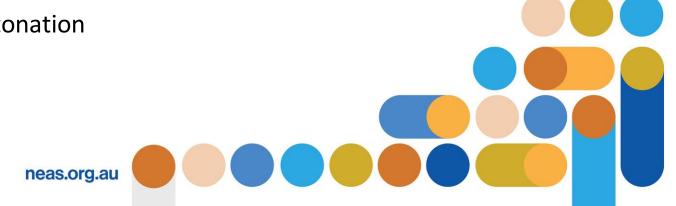


Overview

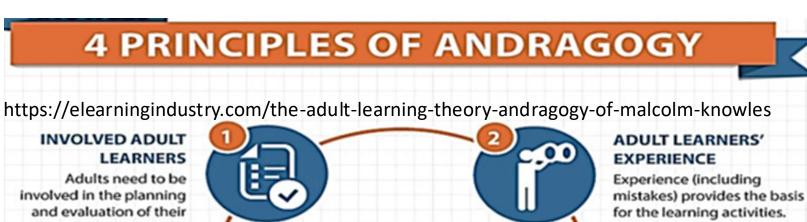
- 1. Andragogy
- 2. Teacher Role in Building Communities
- 3. Safety, Belonging And Community
- 4. Confident, Clear Speaking In Daily Community Life
- 5. Mastering Clear English Speech for Success: reasons, benefits
 - IPA Tool:
 - history; Aussie phonemes
 - Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement:
 - Visual representations of mouth; listening; clarifying with the IPA;
 - Spelling with the IPA; conversation; intonation







Andragogy: Awareness of How Adults Learn Best



PROBLEM-CENTERED

instruction.

Adult learning is problem-centered rather than content-oriented. (Kearsley, 2010)



RELEVANCE & IMPACT TO LEARNERS' LIVES

Adults are most interested in learning subjects that have immediate relevance and impact to their job or personal life.









EAL Teachers Play a Role in Building Communities

Help English Learning Providers build partnerships to support cultural exchange and community cohesion.

Charitable Fund-Raising Beyond Blue Concert

Migrants find voice for cause

A FESTIVAL of song the concert. and dance is being organised to bring Swinburne ness student who will play Wantirna's multicultural the piano, two migrant Encommunity together.

English students, led by teacher Zoe Repse, are holding a concert on Thursday featuring talented students and musical guests to raise money for beyondblue.

Ms Repse said the idea for a concert was sparked by her students, one who is a desire to perform.

has organised an extensive line-up of entertainment for

The list includes a busiglish class choirs, a duet A group of migrant comprising a ukulele player and vocalist, and a ballroom dancing performance.

Ms Repse said they decided to use the event to raise awareness about mental health issues.

"About 20 per cent of Australians suffer from mental health issues, but it need not talented opera singer from be a taboo topic," Ms Repse China, who expressed a said. "Migrants especially feel the stress of resettling Just weeks later the group and having left their networks behind."

Details: 9210 1963







EAL Teachers Play a Role in Building Communities

neas.org.au

Help English Learning Providers build partnerships to support cultural exchange and community cohesion.

Volunteering

- Nursing Home visits
- Retail: Salvation Army Stores
- Other Classes: Volunteer-Tutoring
- School-parent volunteering
- SecondBite
- Local Council-Community Groups and Volunteering- Knox Fest







EAL Teachers Play a Role in Building Communities

neas.org.au

Help English Learning Providers build partnerships to support cultural exchange and community cohesion.

Work Experience

- Bunnings
- Woolworths
- Coles
- K-Mart





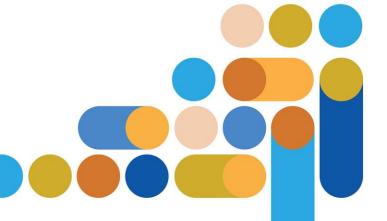


Foster a Sense of Safety, Belonging & Community.

- Show respect to your EAL learners
- Talk up risk-taking: mistakes are good & part of learning & being human.
- Acceptance of others' mistakes
- Pair & Group Work: teach and practice polite expressions & listening skills







Confident, Clear Speaking in Daily Community Life

This avoids:



- misunderstandings in conversation.
- lack of confidence.
- academic and professional dysfunction.
- listening difficulties.
- slower language acquisition.
- barriers to social belonging.







How to tackle EAL needs and where to begin?

- Help learners apply language skills in real world communities with real-life tasks and activities.
- Use Malcolm Knowles' four **Andragogical** Principles (**relevance**, **experience**, **problem solving**, **planning** & **evaluating**).
- Also, the International Phonetic Alphabet is a powerful tool used worldwide with great success. My students lap it up like their life depends on it!







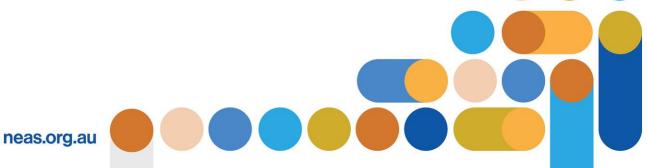
Use the IPA to improve speech: benefits learners and teachers with:

- clearer conversations.
- more classroom participation.
- better job and study opportunities.
- making friends more easily and be included.
- improving spelling and writing.









Speaking and Listening Macro Skills

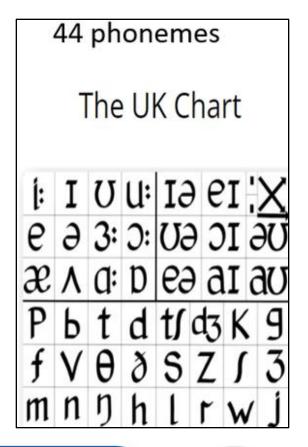


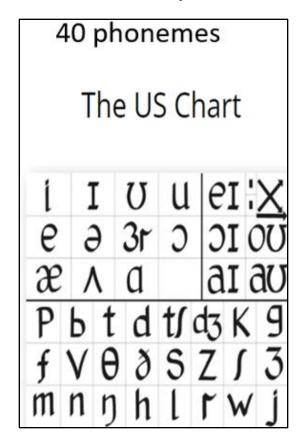


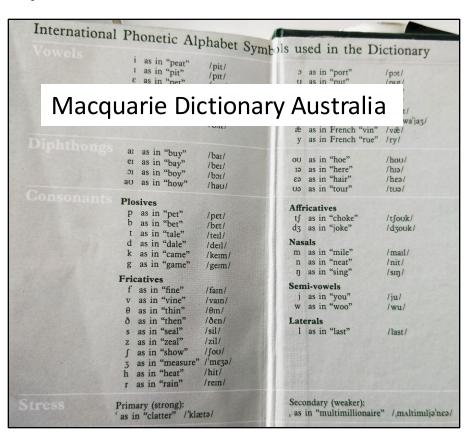




1a. The International Phonetic Alphabet is a powerful tool.













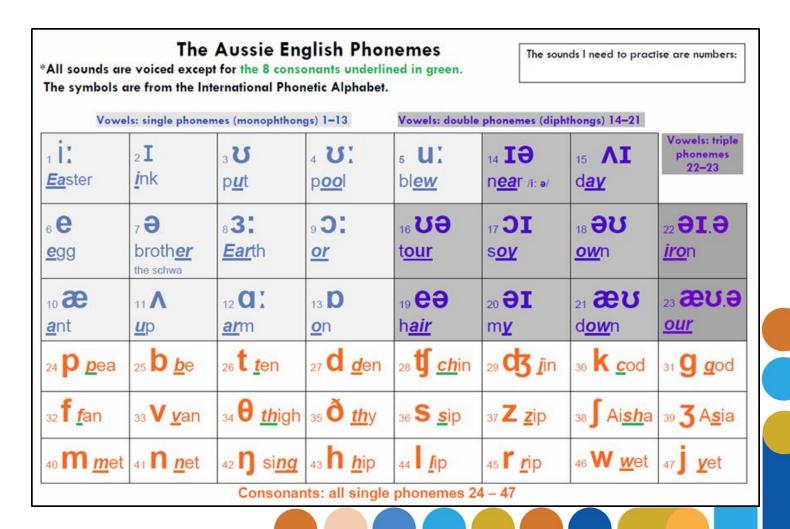
Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement www.speaklikeaustralians.com

neas.org.au

1b. Model each phoneme in class. Learners listen and repeat. Also, they can watch online.







Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement

1c. They can also watch on YouTube for specific phonetic videos.







1 i. <u>ea</u> t	₂ I <u><i>i</i></u> t	₃ ℧ p <u>u</u> t	4 ن 1 p <u>oo</u> l	₅ U bl <u>ew</u>	14 IƏ n <u>ear</u>	15 \] d <u>ay</u>	
e gg	7 3 the schwa moth <u>er</u>	8 3 b <u>ur</u> n /ə:/	9 3 . b <u>or</u> n	16 ƯƏ t <u>our</u>	17 3I S <u>oy</u>	18 DU I <u>ow</u> n	22 ƏIƏ <u>iro</u> n
10 æ <u>a</u> nt	11 ∧ <u><i>u</i></u> p	12 α b <u>ar</u> n /∧:/	13 D	19 CƏ h <u>air</u>	20 ƏI	21 æ ʊ d <u>ow</u> n	23 æuə p <u>ower</u>
₂₄ p <u>p</u> ea	₂₅ b <u>b</u> e	26 t <u>t</u> en	₂₇ d <u>d</u> en	28 tf <u>ch</u> in	29 d 3 <i>j</i> in	30 k <u>c</u> od	31 g <u>g</u> od
32 f <u>f</u> an	33 V <u>v</u>an	34 0 <u>th</u> ank	35 ð<u>th</u>i S	36 S <u>s</u> ip	37 Z <u>z</u> ip	38 sh ow	39 3 A <u>s</u> ia
40 m met	41 n <u>m</u> et	Now.	43 h <u>h</u> ip	44 [ip	45 r <u>r</u> ip	46 W <u>w</u> et	47 j <u>y</u> et

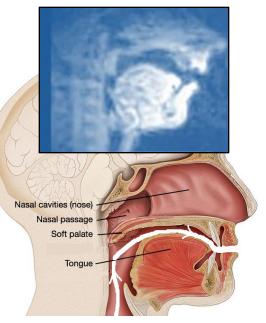
Consonants: all single phonemes 24 – 47

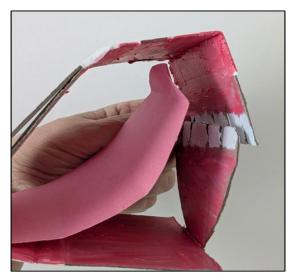
9 non-rhotic /r/ phonemes 7, 8, 9, 12, 14, 16, 19, 22, 23 = /r/ is silent at the end of a syllable or before a consonant.
7 mother /mxôə/ 8 burn /bɜːn/ 9 born /bɔːn/ 12 barn /bɑːn/ 14 near /nɪə/ 16 tour /tuə/ 19 hair /heə/ 22 iron /əɪən/ 23 our /æuə/

Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (visual representations)

2. Use your own face, hands, diagrams and models to explain mouth shape, tongue positioning and airways..











Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (listening)

3. Promote **listening and the correct pronunciation** of missing words with the help of the IPA. Use songs students suggest to further involve them in their own learning.

What a Wonderful World (sung by Louis Armstrong)

I see trees of ¹____/gri:n/

Red roses too, I see them bloom

For me and you and I think to 2_____/məɪself/









Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (listening)

4. At their own pace, learners watch TV, or **listen** online to narrations by Aussies (news readers, Aussie sites, etc.).

It would help with **intonation and stress to follow the words being spoken** and to repeat them, in their mind or out loud.

- Learners replay videos or audios and practise saying sentences in chunks of words that go together.
- Ask learners to practise together in pairs, listening to and repeating sentences using the same intonation and stress patterns.







Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (clarifying)

5. The IPA can help **clarify confusing words**:

the /ðn/ university /juːnɪˈvɜ:sətɪ/

& the /ðiː/ umbrella /ʌmˈbrelʌ/



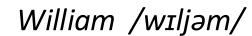
walk/wɔ:k/ & work/wɜ:k/

or the correct pronunciation of their own name or that of a friend's name:











Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (clarifying)

- 6. Help learners **isolate and practise sounds that may be challenging** for them, by using pairs of words that differ in one phoneme only. i.e. **minimal pairs**.
- Exercise 1 bed/bad; lend/land; Ken/can;
- Exercise 2 hop/hope; cost/coast; tossed/toast



Ladies and gentlemen please pair up and in one minute, write minimal pairs for "p" & "b". Thank you.







Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (clarifying)

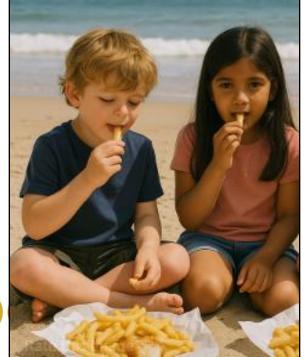
7. To help learners practise sounds, mouth and tongue movements use tongue twisters for a specific phoneme.

E.g. / ʧ / The children Chong and Chad, chose chips and chops to munch on the beach.









Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (clarifying)

8a. **Linking sounds** help learners sound natural and not robotic. Linking sounds depend on previous and following phonemes.

- Students can look for these as they listen to conversations, songs and copy them.
- The IPA <u>clarifies</u> this link.



Ron never saw the house. "Ronever" /roneva/







Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (clarifying)

In pairs, practice joining these words. (两人一组练习连接这些单词。)

8b. Linking sounds

6 ways to join words together:

1 One orange

One norange



2 two oranges

two woranges

3 three oranges

three yoranges

4 four oranges

four roranges

5 would you

6 can't you

would jou V/dz/ can't chou







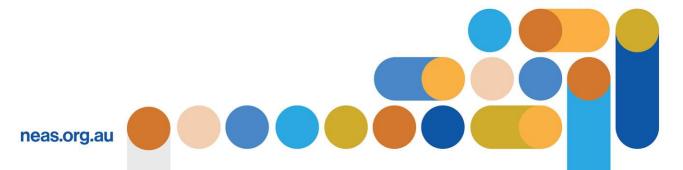
Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (clarifying)

9. Saying and comparing unvoiced and voiced pairs by holding a hand on voice box/larynx gives a clear understanding of vocal cord differences as **mouth shape and tongue positioning are the same** for each pair.

₂₄ p <u>e</u> ea	₂₅ b <u>b</u> e	₂₆ t <u>t</u> en	₂₇ d <u>d</u> en	₂₈ tf <u>ch</u> in	₂₉ ʤ /j in	30 k <u>c</u> od	31 g <u>g</u> od
₃₂ f <u>f</u> an	33 V <u>v</u>an	34 0 <u>th</u> igh	з5 ð <u>th</u> у	36 S <u>s</u> ip	37 Z <u>z</u> ip	₃₅ ∫ Ai <u>s<i>h</i></u> a	39 3 A <u>s</u> ia







Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (clarifying)

10a. Listen to the last syllable phoneme of a word as it influences the pronunciation of the suffixes "ed" to say /t/, /d/ or /əd/ and "s" ending words to say /s/, z/ or /əz/.

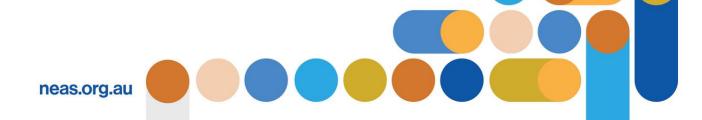
- Ask learners to make 3 columns for "ed" ending words and 3 columns for "s" ending words and to look for patterns as to why they have their different pronunciations.
- Only after learners try to find the explanations for themselves, are reasons given. Remember that problem solving appeals to adults!











Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (clarifying)

10b. Listen to the last syllable phoneme of a word as it influences the pronunciation of the suffixes "ed" to say /t/, /d/ or /əd/ and "s" ending words to say /s/, z/ or /əz/.

Words that end with "	ed" can have one of three	possible pronunciations:			
/t/ unvoiced word endings (no throat vibration)	/d/ voiced word endings (vibration in the throat)	/ad/	/s/ after	/ƏZ/ after 'sh,'	/Z/ for all
All words that end with:-	All words that end with:- voiced sounds	All words that end with:-	/f/, /k/,	'ch,' 'ss,'	other
unvoiced sounds like: f, k, p, s, x, ch,	voicea sounas	the sounds t or d	/p/, /t/, /θ/	'x,' /dz/, or 's'	sounds & letters
sh					
knif-ed	call-ed	fold-ed	cuffs	dishes	toys
laugh-ed	arriv-ed	want-ed	laughs	bunches	mows
lik-ed	happen-ed	paint-ed	banks	churches	moves
look-ed	rob(b)-ed	post-ed	thinks	munches	girls
park-ed	tr(y)i-ed	start-ed	mops	dresses	kababs
stop(p)-ed	chang-ed	visit-ed	cots	dismisses	lads
mop(p)-ed	lov-ed	avoid-ed	cloths	boxes	toes
kiss-ed	nam-ed	attend-ed		foxes	roars
fix-ed	moor-ed	act-ed		fridges	clothes
watch-ed	mozz-ed	accept-ed			rims
push-ed	pleas-ed	connect-ed			thins





Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (clarifying)

- 11. Practise blending continuous consonant sounds within a single word, as well as between words too. The tongue slides from one sound to the other and the mouth changes shape.
- Pair work.

Pathways to Belonging Our Role in Building Communities	VIEAS QUALITY ASSURANCE IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING
--------------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------

	/sm/		/mz/	
smoking	promise Mary	fathoms	bottom zip	
racism	coarse material	clumsy	scream Zelda	
smile	false manners	gleams	scram zebra	
dismay	increase metabolism	idioms	slum zone	
small	mall kiss me		become zany	
	/n 0 /		/zm/	
ninth	nine things	bridesmaid	apologise many times	
month	acorn throw	cosmetics	calls me	
tenth	can thank	feminism	exercise machine	
panther	eleven thimbles	jasmine	advise me	
enthusiasm	chicken thighs	journalism	please marry	
	/sl/		/vz/	
slam	licks leftovers	leaves	forgive Zoe	
sleep	mince loaf	loves	love Zenobias (flowers)	
slide	bits left	stoves	have zinc	
carelessly	thanks Larry	gloves	expensive zoo	
legislation	defence lawyer	involves	massive zit	

neas.org.au

Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (clarifying)

12. When the phonograms "t" and "d" are at the start of a word, they are clearly pronounced, so that a puff of air is felt coming out of the mouth. Learners can check with their finger to feel the "puff".

E.g. true, did, door, down, distress, taken

However, if there is a vowel in front of the "t" or "d" plus a schwa sound or unstressed vowel after it, well then something amazing happens! The "t" or "d" becomes **tapped/flapped**, a quick tap of the tongue, like a soft "d". The "t" sounds more like /d/ while the "d" sounds like /t/ with a <u>very reduced</u> "puff" of air.

flapped 't' = little, butter, forty, daughter, water flapped 'd' = daddy, lady, wedding, toddler, spider

Furthermore, some words with flapped "t" and "d" sound exactly the same and require context

to inform us which word is meant. E.g. litre/leader; ladder/latter; medal/metal; writer/rider







Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (clarifying)

- 13. When the phonograms "t" and "d" come after a "c", "n" and "s", they can be omitted/dropped altogether!
- E.g. agents, candle, effects, endless, gentleman

Learners can compare and practise saying pairs of words omitting these sounds. What a challenge!

E.g. just because; can't see; hand made; found toys







Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (clarifying)

14. An open soft palate lets air out of the nose. Only 3 sounds come out of our noses: n, m and ng.

You cannot feel air coming out of your mouth. If you pinch your nose, you cannot make these

neas.org.au

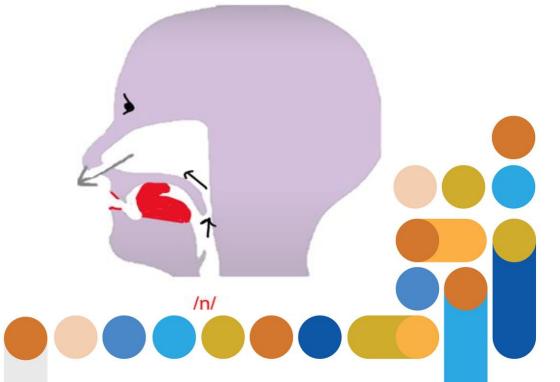
sounds because the air cannot get out.

• Practise saying: m, n, m, n, m, n through your nose.

• If you snicker "mmmm" you will feel your uvula moving to open the nasal airway.







Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (spelling)

- 15. Systematically go through the IPA phonemes and study the different spellings of each one.
- Pair students to practise the sounds and their words. I would do one phoneme per session.
 - 1. i: <u>ea</u>t, h<u>e</u>, s<u>ee</u>, f<u>ie</u>ld, conc<u>ei</u>t, sk<u>i</u>, p<u>eo</u>ple, am<u>oe</u>ba, k<u>ey</u>, qu<u>ay</u>, <u>ae</u>gis, debr<u>is</u>
 - 2. **I** it, fifty, women, village, busy, English, marriage, sieve, guinea
 - 3. **ບ** p<u>u</u>t, h<u>oo</u>f, sh<u>ou</u>ld, w<u>o</u>man
 - 4. **υ**: p<u>oo</u>l, r<u>u</u>le







Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (spelling)

16a. Systematically go through the phonograms and study the different sounds for each one.

- Have a competition between groups of students to list as many words as they can in 5 mins.
- Ask then to write their lists on the board.
- Place lists on display.

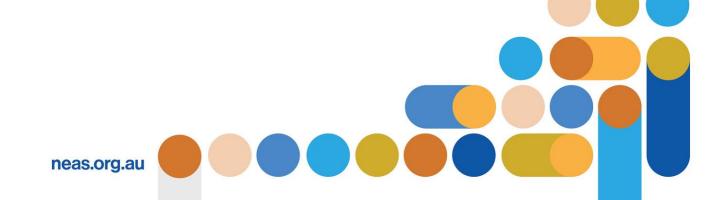
```
\alpha jam /æ/, ask /æ/, cake /ʌɪ/, care /eə/, call /ɔː/, salt /p/, annual /ə/
```

wh when /w/, who /h/

th this $\frac{1}{\theta}$, thank $\frac{1}{\theta}$







Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (spelling)

16b. Show the **same spellings** of **different sounds**. Watch how to make the sounds on YouTube.



E.g. The phonogram "th" has two phonemes $/\theta$ / and $/\delta$ /.

- Put together into lists the following words that have the same phoneme: myth, the, this, Theo, theatre, feather, bath, clothes, cloths, catholic, gather
 - Add 4 more words to the lists.
 - Write 4 words in sentences.







Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (spelling)

16c. Show the different sounds but the same spelling.

Unvoiced "th" (like in "Theo"):

At the end of the word
"bath," "mouth," warmth,"
"fifth," or before a consonant:
"truthful", (except smooth)

At the beginning of most other words: "think," "thief," "thunder," "thought"...





IPA for "th" pronunciation	/θ/	/ð/
	Theo	the
	myth	this
	thanks	that
	theatre	though
	Thursday	although
	aesthetic	feather
	arithmetic	further
With the spelling of "th"	atheist	father
there are 2 possible	author	gather
pronunciations.	bath	bathing
	birthdate	lather
	thirsty	leather
	breath	breathe
	[noun]-Take a short	[verb]-Just keep
	breath!	breathing!
	catholic	mother
	cloths	clothes

Voiced "th" (like in "this"):

Between two vowel sounds: "mother," "weather," "mother" (except frothy)

Followed by a silent "e": "bathe" (compare to "bath"), loathe, breathe, clothe/s,

At the beginning of many functional words: "the," "this," "that," "these," "those," "then," "then," "they," "them," "their," "there," "therefore"...

Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (spelling)

16d. Another example of a phonogram that has different sounds is "wh".

- Write words on the board and ask learners to work together to put them in the correct columns, to teach sound recognition and spelling.
- Review them, hang them up for future reference by learners.
- Ask them to make crossword puzzles or word searches.

E.g. "wh" words that say /w/: wheel, why, when, whistle, whisper, where, which, whale "wh" words that say /h/: who, whom, whose, whole, whoever





'wh' video of Zoe Lambreas on YouTube



Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (spelling)

17a. Conversely, discover different spellings of the same phoneme.

- categorise or unjumble words of similar phonemes
- put words in alphabetical order or think of more words

Examples:

- /əɪ/ sign, sigh, wine, my, guy, die
- /nɪ/ day, suede, gauge, fiancée, eight, they, ballet, great, maid, ancient, state, Israeli









Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (spelling)

17b. Focus on one **phonogram** and make word lists of its various pronunciations.

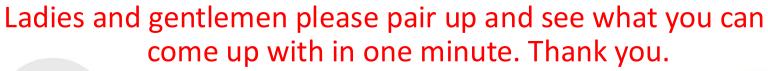
• Here are 3 sounds for the phonogram "o" /p/, /av/ & /n/.

Learners can make word lists with these sounds. It is fascinating really!

They practise in pairs and then say them to their instructor/tutor.

Hang them on the wall.

/a/	/əʊ/	/^/
lot	lone	love









Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (spelling)

17c. Focus on one phonogram/grapheme like "o" and make word lists of its various pronunciations.

> $/\Lambda/$ gloves oven













Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (spelling)

18. Heteronyms are word pairs that have the same spelling but different stress pronunciation and meanings! This is where the IPA chart comes in very handy again.

Practise in pairs.

Pathways to Belonging Our Role in Building Communities	QUALITY ASSURANCE IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING

HETERONYMS	PRONUNCIATIONS	Using the heteronyms in sentences
bow (noun)	/ˈbəʊ/	He is wearing a bow tie for the formal dinner.
bow (verb)	/ˈbæʊ/	The Prime Minister bowed his head to the Queen.
close (verb)	/ˈkləʊz/	Please close the door when you leave as I will feel cold.
close (adjective)	/ˈkləʊs/	You are standing too close to me and I can smell your breath!
dove (noun)	/ˈdʌv/	Doves are a symbol of peace because of their white colour.
dove (verb)	/ˈdəʊv/	Daniela dove into the water head-first and swam away.
lead (verb)	/ˈliːd/	Please lead the way through the forest and I will follow you.
lead (noun)	/ˈled/	I have a grey lead pencil you can use and it is easy to rub out.
object (noun)	/ˈɒb dʒekt/	Our dog found a dirty object during our walk: it was an old ball.
object (verb)	/pbˈdʒekt/	His lawyer will object to the other lawyer's untrue words.
present (noun)	/ prez ənt/	What do you think we should buy her for a birthday present?
present (verb)	/prəˈzent/	When he proposes marriage, he will present her with a ring.
produce (verb)	/prəˈdʒuːs/	You need to work hard to produce high quality writing.
produce (noun)	/'prod ju:s/	Farmers grow their produce and sell it to make money.
read (infinitive verb)	/ˈriːd/	I would love to read that book when you finish it!
read (past participle; past simple verb)	/ˈred/	I'll give the book to you now as I have read it many times before.

Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (spelling)

19. Spelling rules also depend on sounds.

I.e. When adding suffixes to words, the last syllable sounds influence the spelling.

E.g. When a word ends with one vowel sound+ "I", double the "I" before adding a vowel suffix. (not USA)

signal > signalling travel > traveller

swivel > swivelling enrol > enrolling

joyful > joyfully pencil > pencilled





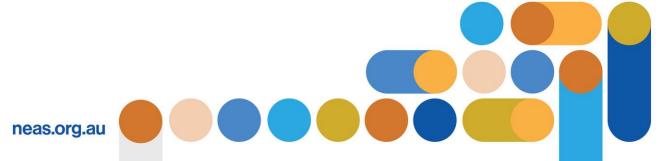


Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (spelling)

- 20. Encourage learners who struggle to spell or to read. Ask them to read this text and show them an example of **their mind's amazing ability to read**.
- It dnose't mttaer in waht oredr the Itteers in a wrod. The olny iprmoetnt tihng is taht the frist and Isat Itteer be at the rghit pclae for the sunod. Tihs is bcuseae rhe huamn mnid deos not raed ervey Iteter but the wrod as a wlohe.
- Reading this text begs the question of whether or not spelling is as important for reading as **learning phonograms**. (Note: It is not my intention to demote the necessity for correct spelling!)







Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (conversation)

21a. Students struggle with **understanding and saying** conversational expressions, in one breath without pausing. Teach the **intonation** when you share the meaning. Clap out the rhythm, increase the speed. They can practise in paired conversations or write their own conversations.

Each session could include some of these:

Cliches: nice and warm; it goes without saying

Idioms: hit the sack; call it a day; break the ice

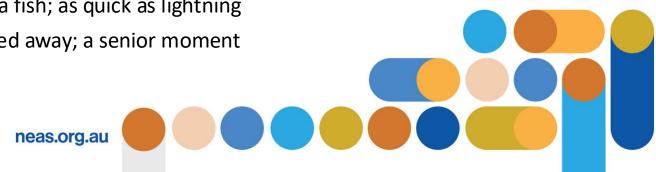
Slang: dilly dally; arvo; brekkie; ambo

Colloquialisms: wanna; gonna; later; mo

Similies: swim like a fish; as quick as lightning

Euphemisms: passed away; a senior moment





Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (conversation)

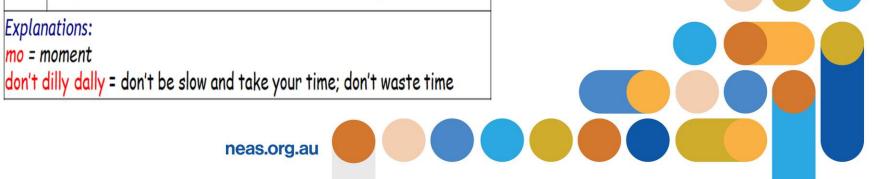
21b. Students struggle with understanding and saying conversational expressions, in one

breath without pausing.

Mike	I thought we had to leave at 5? Are you ready yet?		
Bill	Yeah—nearly. I'll just be a mo! Got to finish this email first.		
Mike	Well alright then. Get on with it—don't dilly dally! I'll be waiting in the car.		
Bill	Okay, no worries. The internet's a bit slow. Sorry. I'll hurry.		
Explanations:			
mo = moment			
1	total tallenge to the state of		







Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (conversation)

21c. Students love practising everyday conversations in pairs and role playing them for the class.

- Hi! How's your day?
- Great thanks. Yours?
- · Not bad.
- How's it going?
- Fantastic, You?
- Yeah, pretty good thanks.











Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (conversation)

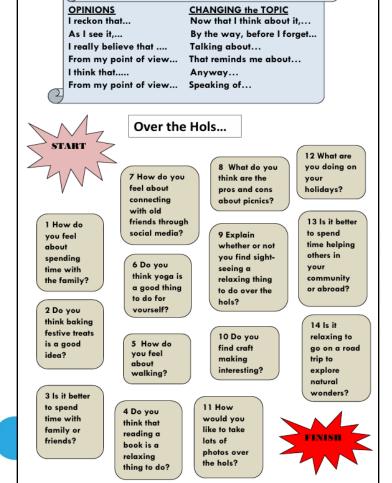
22. Use board games and have students in groups of

3 or 4 to practise a variety of different expressions for:

- asking for clarity
- refusing a request politely
- asking for directions
- saying they don't understand
- polite disagreement
- giving/asking for advice











Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (conversation)

23. Use "speed dating" to have students practising their own questions they have written and had checked for correct grammar.













Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (intonation)

24a. Learners **read** along out loud, **while listening** online to narrations by Aussies. Reading as they listen adds another dimension to learner skills.

- They may pause and repeat alone after listening. Then resume play, to see and say the words read, at the same time (along with the narrator, like overdubbing).
- Improves pronunciation, chunking of phrases, intonation and stress.
- Ask learners to practise individually or in pairs, listening to and repeating sentences using the same intonation and stress patterns.









Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (intonation)

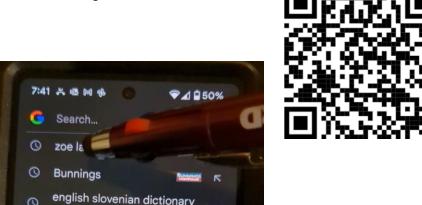
24b.Resources = audio books with visible texts.

E.g. The 32 stories of my novel "Speak English Like" Australians!" by Zoe Lambreas are narrated by various Aussies of different ages.

Learners can borrow the book from the library.





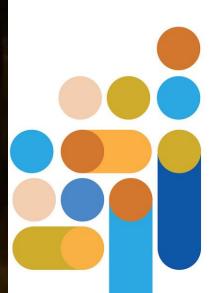


amazing grace in slovenian

slovenian english translator

ebay australia

gumtree melbourne



Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (intonation)

25. It is important to clarify accent, intonation and stress and how they are used in Aussie English.

- Experiment with different ways to say these and how meaning is influenced:
 - a) I didn't see your friend.
- b) Oh. c) rhythms of...French, Indian, American
- Compare the intonations and accents of:

 - d) Pólish & pólish e) conflíct/cónflict
- f) pérmit/permít
- Can you hear the differences? Do you need more practice?









Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (intonation)

26. **Rhymes and chants** challenge and delight learners. Importantly, they help with word chunking and intonation. Compile some of your own or use famous Mother Goose ones

or ask learners to make their own:

Primary school was lots of fun
We would hide and jump and run
And in the sandpit we would dig
Building castles oh so big!

Hickory, dickory, dock,
The mouse ran up the clock;
The clock struck one,
And down he ran,
Hickory, dickory, dock

Grandkids
Pops why don't you play with
me?
I want to jump and run!
I want to go outside right now!
I think that you should come!





Class Activities for Phonetic Improvement (intonation)

27. Practise intonation and build confidence in public speaking by giving learners a topic familiar to them and ask them to give an **impromptu talk** to a group of classmates or before the class. It is a timed talk of perhaps 60 to 90 seconds.

possible topics:

- Shopping
- My family
- Travelling
- My country

- Favourite Recipe
- Holidays
- Hobby
- Leisure time









Feedback: Empowering EAL Learners — Pathways into the Real World

Imagine focusing on some-such pronunciation, speaking and listening class activities. You would have a rich and on-going tapestry and plethora of activities, to enliven your classes for years, and to excite learners to be active members of our society.

You would enhance the confidence, pronunciation and speaking skills of your learners, so they feel more comfortable to get involved in their communities, for employment, health or social reasons!

**P.S. What do you think? Is there a need for this type of course focusing on phonetics and Aussie expressions?







Thank you for your Attention & Attendance Today.

Do you have any questions or comments to share with us?







